Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**AP Psychology Unit 1: History and Approaches**

1. Wilhelm Wundt
2. William James
3. John Locke
4. John Watson / B. F. Skinner
5. Edward Titchener
6. Sigmund Freud
7. Our behaviors are largely controlled by our “unconscious”
8. Psychologist with (typically) a master’s degree that talks to people with psychological issues like anxiety, depression, or marital problems.
9. Studies how our behaviors and thoughts are influenced by our culture
10. The study of how we think, remember and learn
11. Psychologist with a PhD level of education that provides talk therapy with moderate to severe psychological issues (e.g. Schizophrenia, severe depression,…)
12. Defined psychology as “the study of *observable* *behavior*”
13. School of psychology that uses introspection
14. School of psychology emphasizing the role of the unconscious
15. Psychologist with a medical doctor license that talks to people, *and* can prescribe drugs
16. Psychologist concerned with the administration, creation and interpretation of psychological tests.
17. Psychologist that studies how humans can most efficiently interact in the workplace
18. The mind and the body are separate
19. Psychoanalysis
20. Functionalism / First psychology textbook
21. Behaviorism
22. Psychometrics
23. Tabula Rasa / Empiricism
24. First psychology lab (first psychology experiment)
25. Structuralism
26. Industrial/Organizational Psychology
27. Evolutionary psychology
28. Cognitive neuroscience
29. Dualism
30. Psychiatrist
31. Clinical Psychologist
32. Counseling Psychologist
33. Cognitive psychology
34. Socio-Cultural psychology
35. Humanistic Psychology
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Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Free Response Question**

You are walking around the hallway at McGuinness – and a person that you don’t know very well smiles at you, how could you interpret this according to the following perspectives?

1. Cognitive Neuroscience / Biological
2. Cognitive Psychology
3. Socio-cultural Psychology
4. Psychoanalysis
5. Evolutionary Psychology
6. Behaviorism