Abnormal Psychology

What is “abnormal”

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Benefits:

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Problems

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DSM-V

 Axis I – “Clinical Syndrome” – (what disorder do they have?, e.g. Schizophenia or Anorexia)

 Axis II – “Personality Disorder or Mental Retardation” (60 IQ, Antisocial Personality Disorder)

 Axis III – “General Medical Condition” (Diabetes, Arthritis)

 Axis IV – Psychosocial or Environmental Stressors (Homeless, Joint custody with parents)

 Axis V – Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) – Level of functioning on scale of 100

Categories

 Anxiety Disorders

 Somatoform Disorders

 Dissociative Disorders

 Mood

 Schizophrenia

 Personality``

Rate of Disorders