Abnormal Psychology

What is “abnormal”

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Benefits:

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Problems

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DSM-V

Axis I – “Clinical Syndrome” – (what disorder do they have?, e.g. Schizophenia or Anorexia)

Axis II – “Personality Disorder or Mental Retardation” (60 IQ, Antisocial Personality Disorder)

Axis III – “General Medical Condition” (Diabetes, Arthritis)

Axis IV – Psychosocial or Environmental Stressors (Homeless, Joint custody with parents)

Axis V – Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) – Level of functioning on scale of 100

Categories

Anxiety Disorders

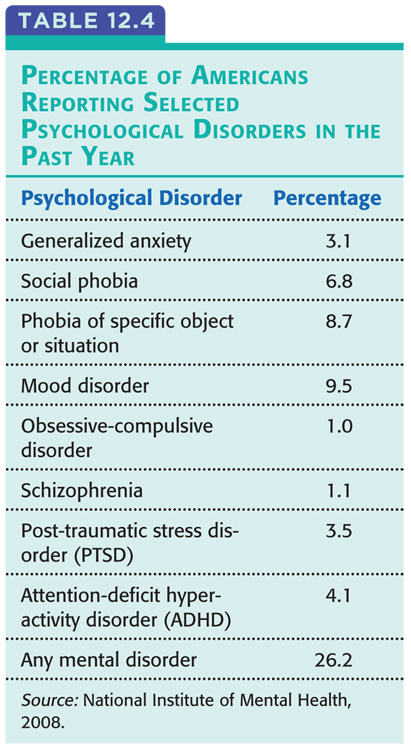
Somatoform Disorders

Dissociative Disorders

Mood

Schizophrenia

Personality``

Rate of Disorders